



Version 2.0 English



- when it has to be **right**

Introduction

Purchase	Congratulations on the purchase of a Leica TS16.
	This manual contains important safety directions as well as instructions for setting up the product and operating it. Refer to "1 Safety Directions" for further information. Read carefully through the User Manual before you switch on the product.
Product Identification	The model and serial number of your product are indicated on the type plate. Always refer to this information when you need to contact your agency or Leica Geosystems authorised service workshop.
Trademarks	 Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries Bluetooth[®] is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc. SD Logo is a trademark of SD-3C, LLC. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.
Validity of this	This manual applies to the TS16 instruments. Differences between the various models

Validity of this manual

Available Documentation

Name	Description/Format		Adapter
TS16 Quick Guide	Provides an overview of the product together with tech- nical data and safety directions. Intended as a quick reference guide.	✓	~
TS16 User Manual	All instructions required in order to operate the product to a basic level are contained in the User Manual. Provides an overview of the product together with tech- nical data and safety directions.	-	•
Name	Description/Format		Adoba
Captivate Technical	Overall comprehensive guide to the product and apps. Included are detailed descriptions of special soft-	-	~

ware/hardware settings and software/hardware func-

Refer to the following resources for documentation/software:

tions intended for technical specialists.

• the Leica Captivate USB documentation card

• https://myworld.leica-geosystems.com

are marked and described.

Reference

Manual



Video tutorials are available on: http://www.leica-geosystems.com/captivate-howto



myWorld@Leica Geosystems (https://myworld.leica-geosystems.com) offers a wide range of services, information and training material.

With direct access to myWorld, you are able to access all relevant services whenever it is convenient for you, 24 hours a day, 7 days per week. This increases your efficiency and keeps you and your equipment instantly updated with the latest information from Leica Geosystems.

Service	Description
myProducts	Add all products that you and your company own and explore your world of Leica Geosystems: View detailed information on your prod- ucts and update your products with the latest software and keep up- to-date with the latest documentation.
myService	View the current service status and full service history of your prod- ucts in Leica Geosystems service centres. Access detailed informa- tion on the services performed and download your latest calibration certificates and service reports.
mySupport	View the current service status and full service history of your prod- ucts in Leica Geosystems service centres. Access detailed informa- tion on the services performed and download your latest calibration certificates and service reports.
myTraining	Enhance your product knowledge with Leica Geosystems Campus - Information, Knowledge, Training. Study the latest online training material on your products and register for seminars or courses in your country.
myTrusted Services	Add your subscriptions and manage users for Leica Geosystems Trusted Services, the secure software services, that assist you to optimise your workflow and increase your efficiency.

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1	Safety Directions
1.1	General Introduction
Description	The following directions enable the person responsible for the product, and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.
	The person responsible for the product must ensure that all users understand these directions and adhere to them.
About Warning Messages	Warning messages are an essential part of the safety concept of the instrument. They appear wherever hazards or hazardous situations can occur.
	 Warning messages make the user alert about direct and indirect hazards concerning the use of the product. contain general rules of behaviour.

For the users' safety, all safety instructions and safety messages shall be strictly observed and followed! Therefore, the manual must always be available to all persons performing any tasks described here.

DANGER, **WARNING**, **CAUTION** and **NOTICE** are standardised signal words for identifying levels of hazards and risks related to personal injury and property damage. For your safety, it is important to read and fully understand the following table with the different signal words and their definitions! Supplementary safety information symbols may be placed within a warning message as well as supplementary text.

Туре	Description
A DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in appreciable material, financial and environmental damage.
(F	Important paragraphs which must be adhered to in practice as they enable the product to be used in a technically correct and efficient manner.

Definition of Use

1.2

Intended Use	 Measuring horizontal and vertical angles. Measuring distances. Recording measurements. Capturing and recording images. Automatic target search, recognition and following. Visualising the aiming direction and vertical axis. Remote control of product. Data communication with external appliances. Measuring raw data and computing coordinates using carrier phase and code signal from GNSS satellites. Recording GNSS and point related data. Computing with software.
Reasonably Foreseeable Misuse	 Use of the product without instruction. Use outside of the intended use and limits. Disabling safety systems. Removal of hazard notices. Opening the product using tools, for example screwdriver, unless this is permitted for certain functions. Modification or conversion of the product. Use after misappropriation. Use of products with obvious damages or defects. Use with accessories from other manufacturers without the prior explicit approval of Leica Geosystems. Inadequate safeguards at the working site. Aiming directly into the sun.
1.3	Limits of Use
Environment	Suitable for use in an atmosphere appropriate for permanent human habitation: not suitable for use in aggressive or explosive environments.
DANGER	Local safety authorities and safety experts must be contacted before working in hazardous areas, or close to electrical installations or similar situations by the person in charge of the product.
1.4	Responsibilities
Manufacturer of the product	Leica Geosystems AG, CH-9435 Heerbrugg, hereinafter referred to as Leica Geosys- tems, is responsible for supplying the product, including the user manual and original accessories, in a safe condition.
Person responsible for the product	 The person responsible for the product has the following duties: To understand the safety instructions on the product and the instructions in the user manual. To ensure that it is used in accordance with the instructions. To be familiar with local regulations relating to safety and accident prevention. To inform Leica Geosystems immediately if the product and the application becomes unsafe. To ensure that the national laws, regulations and conditions for the operation of e.g. radio transmitters or lasers are respected.

1.5	Hazards of Use	
•		

1

Watch out for erroneous measurement results if the product has been dropped or has CAUTION been misused, modified, stored for long periods or transported.

Precautions:

Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the user manual, particularly after the product has been subjected to abnormal use as well as before and after important measurements.

DANGER

Because of the risk of electrocution, it is dangerous to use poles, levelling staffs and extensions in the vicinity of electrical installations such as power cables or electrical railwavs.

Precautions:

Keep at a safe distance from electrical installations. If it is essential to work in this environment, first contact the safety authorities responsible for the electrical installations and follow their instructions.



NOTICE

	With the remote control of products, it is possible that extraneous targets will be picked out and measured. Precautions:
-	When measuring in remote control mode, always check your results for plausibility. If the product is used with accessories, for example masts, staffs, poles, you may increase the risk of being struck by lightning.
	Precautions: Do not use the product in a thunderstorm.

WARNING

WARNING

Precautions:

The person responsible for the product must make all users fully aware of the existing dangers.

During dynamic applications, for example stakeout procedures there is a danger of

accidents occurring if the user does not pay attention to the environmental conditions

WARNING

Inadequate securing of the working site can lead to dangerous situations, for example in traffic, on building sites and at industrial installations. Precautions:

Always ensure that the working site is adequately secured. Adhere to the regulations governing safety, accident prevention and road traffic.

Be careful when pointing the product towards the sun, because the telescope func-CAUTION tions as a magnifying glass and can injure your eyes and/or cause damage inside the product. Precautions:

around, for example obstacles, excavations or traffic.

Do not point the product directly at the sun.

A CAUTION	If the accessories used with the product are not properly secured and the product is subjected to mechanical shock, for example blows or falling, the product may be damaged or people can sustain injury. Precautions: When setting-up the product, make sure that the accessories are correctly adapted, fitted, secured, and locked in position. Avoid subjecting the product to mechanical stress.
AUTION	 During the transport, shipping or disposal of batteries it is possible for inappropriate mechanical influences to constitute a fire hazard. Precautions: Before shipping the product or disposing of it, discharge the batteries by running the product until they are flat. When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping contact your local passenger or freight transport company.
	High mechanical stress, high ambient temperatures or immersion into fluids can cause leakage, fire or explosions of the batteries. Precautions: Protect the batteries from mechanical influences and high ambient temperatures. Do not drop or immerse batteries into fluids.
	If battery terminals are short circuited e.g. by coming in contact with jewellery, keys, metalized paper or other metals, the battery can overheat and cause injury or fire, for example by storing or transporting in pockets. Precautions: Make sure that the battery terminals do not come into contact with metallic objects.
MARNING	 If the product is improperly disposed of, the following can happen: If polymer parts are burnt, poisonous gases are produced which may impair health. If batteries are damaged or are heated strongly, they can explode and cause poisoning, burning, corrosion or environmental contamination. By disposing of the product irresponsibly you may enable unauthorised persons to use it in contravention of the regulations, exposing themselves and third parties to the risk of severe injury and rendering the environment liable to contamination.
	The product must not be disposed with household waste. Dispose of the product appropriately in accordance with the national regulations in force in your country. Always prevent access to the product by unauthorised personnel.
A	from the Leica Geosystems home page at http://www.leica- geosystems.com/treatment or received from your Leica Geosystems distributor. Only Leica Geosystems authorised service workshops are entitled to repair these prod-
	ucts.

1.6 1.6.1	Laser Classification General
General	The following chapters provide instructions and training information about laser safety according to international standard IEC 60825-1 (2014-05) and technical report IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02). The information enables the person responsible for the product and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.
	 According to IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02), products classified as laser class 1, class 2 and class 3R do not require: laser safety officer involvement, protective clothes and eyewear, special warning signs in the laser working area if used and operated as defined in this User Manual due to the low eye hazard level.
	National laws and local regulations could impose more stringent instructions for the safe use of lasers than IEC 60825-1 (2014-05) and IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02).
1 6 0	Distancer Measurements with Deflectors

1.6.2 Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors

General

The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

• IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Wavelength	658 nm
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	100 MHz
Maximum average radiant power	0.33 mW
Beam divergance	1.5 mrad x 3 mrad



1.6.3	Distancer, Measurements without Reflectors		
General	neral The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam whi from the telescope objective.		
	The laser product described in this section is classified with:	as laser class 3R in accordance	
	• IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"		
	 Direct intrabeam viewing may be hazardous (low eye hazard level), in particular for deliberate ocular exposure. The beam may cause dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, particularly under low ambient light conditions. The risk of injury for laser class 3R products is limited because of: a) unintentional exposure would rarely reflect worst case conditions of (e.g.) beam alignment with the pupil, worst case accommodation, b) inherent safety margin in the maximum permissible exposure to laser radiation (MPE) c) natural aversion behaviour for exposure to bright light for the case of visible 		
	radiation.		
	Description	Value (R500/R1000)	
	Wavelength	658 nm	
	Maximum average radiant power	4.8 mW	
	Pulse duration	800 ps	
	Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	100 MHz	
	Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad	
	NOHD (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance) @ 0.25s	44 m / 144 ft	
	From a safety perspective, class 3R laser products sho hazardous. Precautions: 1) Prevent direct eye exposure to the beam. 2) Do not direct the beam at other people.	uld be treated as potentially	
	Potential hazards are not only related to direct beams aimed at reflecting surfaces such as prisms, windows, Precautions: 1) Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, s	mirrors, metallic surfaces, etc.	
	 emit unwanted reflections. 2) Do not look through or beside the optical sight at pr the laser is switched on, in laser pointer or distance prisms is only permitted when looking through the 	isms or reflecting objects when measurement mode. Aiming at	



1.6.4	Red Laser Pointer	
General The laser pointer built into the product produces a visible red laser b emerges from the telescope objective.		d laser beam which
	The laser product described in this section is classified as las with:	er class 3R in accordance
	• IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"	
	 Direct intrabeam viewing may be hazardous (low eye hazard level), in particular for deliberate ocular exposure. The beam may cause dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, particularly under low ambient light conditions. The risk of injury for laser class 3R products is limited because of: a) unintentional exposure would rarely reflect worst case conditions of (e.g.) beam alignment with the pupil, worst case accommodation, b) inherent safety margin in the maximum permissible exposure to laser radiation (MPE) c) natural aversion behaviour for exposure to bright light for the case of visible 	
	radiation.	
	Description	Value (R500/R1000)
	Wavelength	658 nm
	Maximum average radiant power	4.8 mW
	Pulse duration	800 ps
	Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	100 MHz
	Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad
	NOHD (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance) @ 0.25s	44 m / 144 ft
	From a safety perspective, class 3R laser products should be treated as potentially hazardous. Precautions: 1) Prevent direct eye exposure to the beam. 2) Do not direct the beam at other people.	
CAUTION Potential hazards are not only related to direct beams but also to reflected aimed at reflecting surfaces such as prisms, windows, mirrors, metallic surf Precautions :		
	 Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, such a emit unwanted reflections. 	s a mirror, or which could
	2) Do not look through or beside the optical sight at prisms of the laser is switched on, in laser pointer or distance meas prisms is only permitted when looking through the teleso	urement mode. Aiming at



1.6.5 Automatic Target Aiming (ATRplus)

General

The Automatic Target Aiming built into the product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

• IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Wavelength	785 nm
Maximum radiant peak power per pulse	10 mW
Pulse duration	≤ 15 ms
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	≤ 213 Hz
Beam divergence	25 mrad



1.6.6	PowerSearch PS

General

The PowerSearch built into the product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the front side of the telescope.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

• IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Wavelength	850 nm
Maximum average radiant power	11 mW
Pulse duration	20 ns, 40 ns
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	24.4 kHz
Beam divergance	0.4 mrad x 700 mrad



1.6.7 Electronic Guide Light EGL

General The Electronic Guide Light built into the product produces a visible LED beam which emerges from the front side of the telescope.

The product described in this section, is excluded from the scope of IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products".

The product described in this section, is classified as exempt group in accordance with IEC 62471 (2006-07) and does not pose any hazard provided that the product is used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.



TS16, Safety Directions

1.6.8	Laser Plummet	
General	The laser plummet built into the product product emerges from the bottom of the product.	
	with: • IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of lase	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	posures but can be hazardous for deliberate se dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, tions.
	Description	Value
	Wavelength	640 nm
	Maximum average radiant power	0.95 mW
	Pulse duration	10 ms - cw
	Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	1 kHz
	Beam divergance	< 1.5 mrad



From a safety perspective, class 2 laser products are not inherently safe for the eyes. **Precautions:**

1) Avoid staring into the beam or viewing it through optical instruments.

2) Avoid pointing the beam at other people or at animals.

Labelling



1.7	Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC
Description	The term Electromagnetic Compatibility is taken to mean the capability of the product to function smoothly in an environment where electromagnetic radiation and electro- static discharges are present, and without causing electromagnetic disturbances to other equipment.
	Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment. Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed.
CAUTION	There is a risk that disturbances may be caused in other equipment if the product is used with accessories from other manufacturers, for example field computers, personal computers or other electronic equipment, non-standard cables or external batteries. Precautions: Use only the equipment and accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems. When combined with the product, they meet the strict requirements stipulated by the guide-lines and standards. When using computers or other electronic equipment, pay attention to the information about electromagnetic compatibility provided by the manufacturer.
CAUTION	Disturbances caused by electromagnetic radiation can result in erroneous measure- ments. Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that the product may be disturbed by intense electromagnetic radiation, for example, near radio transmitters, two-way radios or diesel generators. Precautions: Check the plausibility of results obtained under these conditions.
	If the product is operated with connecting cables attached at only one of their two ends, for example external supply cables, interface cables, the permitted level of elec- tromagnetic radiation may be exceeded and the correct functioning of other products may be impaired. Precautions: While the product is in use, connecting cables, for example product to external battery, product to computer, must be connected at both ends.
Radios or Digital Cellular Phones	Use of product with radio or digital cellular phone devices:
WARNING	 Electromagnetic fields can cause disturbances in other equipment, in installations, in medical devices, for example pacemakers or hearing aids and in aircraft. It can also affect humans and animals. Precautions: Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment can be disturbed or that humans or animals can be affected. Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in the vicinity of filling stations or chemical installations, or in other areas where an explosion hazard exists. Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices near to medical equipment. Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in aircraft.

1.8	FCC Statement, Applicable in U.S.
(B)	The greyed paragraph below is only applicable for products without radio.
WARNING	 This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
	Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Leica Geosystems for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.
Labelling TS16	<complex-block></complex-block>

Labelling Internal Battery GEB212, GEB222



Main Components



Component	Description
TS16 instrument	 a total station for measuring, calculating and capturing data. consisting of various models with a range of accuracy classes. integrated with an add-on GNSS system to form Smart-Station. combined with the multi-purpose CS20 field controller to
	conduct remote control surveys.
CS20 field controller	A multipurpose field controller allowing the remote control of the TS16 instrument.
CS35 tablet	A tablet allowing the remote control of the TS16 instrument.
Infinity	The office software including a series of help programs which support working with Leica instruments.

Terms and Abbreviations

The following terms and abbreviations can be found in this manual:

Term	Description
Remote Mode	The instrument is remote controlled by the field controller or tablet using radio.
EDM	Electronic Distance Measurement
	EDM refers to the laser distancer incorporated into the instrument which enables distance measurement.
	 Two measuring modes are available: Prism mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances to prisms. It incorporates the long range mode to measure extended distances to prisms. Any surface mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances without prisms.
PinPoint	PinPoint refers to the Reflectorless EDM technology which enables an increased measuring range with a smaller laser spot size. Two options are available: R500 and R1000.
EGL	Electronic Guide Light
	An EGL fitted to an instrument assists with prism targeting. It consists of two differently coloured flashing lights located in the instrument telescope housing. The person holding the prism can align themselves into the line-of-sight of the instrument.

Term	Description
Motorised	Instruments fitted with internal motors, enabling automatic hori- zontal and vertical turning are referred to as Motorised.
ATRplus	Automatic Target Aiming. ATRplus refers to the instrument sensor which enables the auto- matic target aiming and locking.
Automated	 Instruments fitted with ATRplus are referred to as Automated. ATRplus refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic target aiming to a prism. Three automation modes are available with Aim at target: Manual: no automation and no lock. Automatic: automatic target aiming to a prism. LOCK: an already targeted prism is followed automatically.
Overview camera	
PowerSearch	P ower S earch refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic rapid finding of a prism.
SmartStation	A Leica Viva TS instrument integrated with an add-on GNSS system, comprising hardware and software components, forms a Smart- Station. Components of a SmartStation include a SmartAntenna and a
	SmartAntenna Adapter. A SmartStation provides an additional instrument setup method for determining instrument station coordinates.
	The GNSS principles and functionality of a SmartStation derive from the principles and functionality of Leica Viva GNSS instruments.
SmartAntenna	SmartAntenna with integrated Bluetooth is a component of a SmartStation. It can also be used independently on a pole with a CS20 field controller. Models compatible with a TS16 instrument are GS14/GS16/GS15. Where there are differences between the various models they are clearly described.
RadioHandle	A component of remote mode is the RH16/RH17 RadioHandle. It is an instrument carry handle with an integrated long range Blue- tooth module with attached antenna.
Communication side cover	Communication side cover with integrated Bluetooth, SD card slot, USB port, WLAN and RadioHandle is standard for a TS16 instru- ment and a component of a SmartStation. In combination with the RH16/RH17 RadioHandle, it is also a component of remote mode.

Available Models

Model	TS16 M	TS16 A	TS16 P	TS161
Angle measurement	⊢ ✓	⊢ ✓	⊢ ✓	⊢ ✓
	-			
Distance measurement to prism	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark
Distance measurement to any surface (reflectorless)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Motorised	✓	✓	✓	✓
Automatic Target Aiming	-	✓	✓	✓
PowerSearch (PS)	-	-	✓	✓
Overview Camera	-	-	-	✓
RS232, USB and SD card interface	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bluetooth	✓	✓	✓	✓
Internal Flash Memory (2 GB)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hotshoe interface for RadioHandle	✓	✓	✓	✓
Guide Light (EGL)	✓	✓	✓	✓
WLAN	✓	✓	✓	✓
✓Standard - Not available		·		

2.2 2.2.1	System Concep Software Concep			
Description	All instruments use the same software concept.			
Software for TS Models	Software type Description			
	TS firmware (TS_xxMS60Leica Captivate.fw)	The Leica Captivate software is running on the TS instrument and covers all functions of the instrument.		
		The main applications and languages are integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.		
		The languages released with Leica Captivate are included in the firmware file.		
	Applications (xx.axx)	Many optional survey-specific applications are available for the TS instruments. All applications are included in the Leica Captivate firmware file and can be loaded separately.		
		Some of the applications are activated freely and require no licence key; others require purchasing and are only activated with a licence key.		
		If the licence is not loaded to the instrument, applications requiring a licence key run for a 40 h trial period. For a trial run, the Measure&Stakeout licence must be available on the TS.		
	Customised applications (xx.axx)	Customised software, specific to user requirements, can be developed using the GeoC++ development kit. Information on the GeoC++ development environment is available on request from a Leica Geosystems representative.		
Software Upload	.	ftware can take some time. Ensure that the battery is at least 75% ou start the upload. Do not remove the battery during the upload		
	 Software update in 1) Download the more geosystems.com. 2) Copy the firmwar 	nstructions for all TS models: ost recent firmware file from https://myworld.leica- Refer to "Introduction". e file into the System folder on the Leica SD card. ent. Select Settings\Tools\Update software . Select the firmware		

file and start the update.4) When the update is complete, a message appears.

2.2.2	Power Concept		
General	Use the batteries, chargers and accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems to ensure the correct functionality of the instrument.		
Power Options	Model	Power supply	
	all TS models	Internally by GEB222 battery, OR	
		Externally by GEV52 cable and GEB371 battery.	
		If an external power supply is connected and the internal battery is inserted, then the external power is used.	
	SmartAntenna	Internally via GEB212 battery fitted into the antenna.	
2.2.3	Data Storage Concept		
Description	Data is stored on a memory device. The memory device can be an SD card or internal memory. For data transfer an USB stick can also be used.		
Memory Device	SD card:	All instruments have an SD card slot fitted as standard. An SD card can be inserted and removed. Available capacity: 1 GB and 8 GB.	
	USB stick: Internal memory:	Available capacity. I GB and a GB. All instruments have a USB port fitted as standard. All instruments have an internal memory fitted as standard. Available capacity: 2 GB.	
	Leica SD car	SD cards can be used, Leica Geosystems recommends to only use ds and is not responsible for data loss or any other error that can using a non-Leica card.	
(P)	Unplugging connecting cables or removing the SD card or USB stick during the meas- urement can cause loss of data. Only remove the SD card or USB stick or unplug connecting cables when the TS instrument is switched off.		
Transfer Data	Data can be transferred in various ways. Refer to "4.8 Connecting to a Personal Computer".		
()	SD cards can directly be used in an OMNI drive as supplied by Leica Geosystems. Other PC card drives can require an adaptor.		





a) Stylus

- b) GLS14 mini pole
- c) GHM007 Instrument height meter
- d) Allen key and adjustment tool
- e) Tip for GMP101 mini prism
- f) Instrument with tribrach and standard handle or RadioHandle
- g) GMP101 mini prism
- h) GEB222 batteries
- i) GFZ3 or GOK6 diagonal eyepiece
- j) Counterweight for diagonal eyepiece
- k) MS1, 1 GB USB memory stick
- I) GEV192 AC power supply for battery charger
- m) GRZ4 or GRZ122 prism
- n) Manuals and USB documentation card

Container for Instrument and Accessories -Part 2 of 2



a) Cables

- b) GHT196 tribrach bracket for height meter
- c) SD cards and covers
- d) GKL311 battery charger
- e) Car adapter power plug for battery charger (stored under battery charger)
- f) Protective cover for instrument, sunshade for objective lens and cleaning cloth

Container for GS14/GS16/GS15 SmartPole/ SmartStation and Accessories -Part 1 of 2



- a) GHT63 pole holder clamp
- b) Allen key and adjustment tool
- c) GAD33 antenna arm
- d) CS35 tablet or CS20 field controller with GHT62 holder
- e) GAD108 antenna arm
- f) Manuals and USB documentation card
- g) GPR121 circular prism PRO or GZT4 target plate for GPH1 and GPH1 prism holder with GPR1 circular prism
- h) GAD109 QN-TNC Adapter
- i) GAT25 radio antenna
- j) Stylus
- k) GEB212 or GEB331 batteries
- I) SLXX RTK modem
- m)GS14/GS16 or GS15 antenna
- n) SD card and cover

Container for GS14/GS16/GS15 SmartPole/ SmartStation and Accessories -Part 2 of 2



- d) GKL311 charger
- e) GRZ4 or GRZ122 prism
- f) Standard handle or RadioHandle
- g) GAD110 adapter for GS14/GS16 and GS15 antenna
- h) GAD31 screw to stub adapter
- i) Mini prism spike
- j) GMP101 mini prism

Container for TS Robotic Pole Setup, Small Size



- a) Manuals and USB documentation card
- b) GAT25 radio antenna
- c) Mini prism spike
- d) GRZ4 or GRZ122 prism
- e) SD card and cover
- f) Adjustment tool and allen key
- g) GRZ101 mini prism and GAD103 adapter
- h) GEB331 battery
- i) GHT63 pole holder clamp
- j) Tip for mini pole
- k) GLI115 clip-on bubble for GLS115 mini prism pole
- I) CS20 field controller and GHT66 holder
- m) Stylus



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- h) Keyboard

Communication Side Cover



Instrument Components for SmartStation





- a) RadioHandle
- b) Communication side cover

3

User Interface

3.1

Keyboard

Keyboard



Keys

		1
Кеу		Function
Function keys F1 - F6	* F1	Correspond to six softkeys that appear on the bottom of the screen when the screen is activated.
Function keys F7 - F12	F7 🖲	User definable keys to execute chosen commands or access chosen screens.
Alphanumeric keys	4 GHI ©	To type letters and numbers.
Camera	00	To capture an image with the camera.
Esc	50	Leaves the current screen without storing any changes.
Fn	Fn O	Switches between the first and second level of func- tion keys.
Enter		Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical menu / dialog.
		Starts the edit mode for editable fields.
		Opens a selectable list.
ON/OFF	() ©	If the instrument is already off: Turns on the instru- ment when held for 2 s.
		If the instrument is already on: Turns to Power Options menu when held for 2 s.
Favourites	•	Goes to a favourites menu.
Home	† 0	Switches to the Home Menu. Switches to the Windows EC7 Start Menu when pressing SHIFT at the same time.

Кеу	Function
Arrow keys	Move the focus on the screen.
ОК	Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical menu / dialog.
	Starts the edit mode for editable fields.
	Opens a selectable list.

Key Combinations

Кеу		Function
Fn O	+ # 50	Hold Fn while pressing Dom . Switch to Windows.
Fn O	+ 📮	Hold Fn while pressing Pop . Take a screenshot of the current screen.
Fn O	+ 1	Hold Fn while pressing 1 . Increase the screen brightness.
Fn O	+ • • 4 GHI • •	Hold Fn while pressing 4 . Decrease the screen brightness.
Fn o	+ 3 ◎ ▲ ⊄	Hold Fn while pressing 3 . Increase the volume for acoustic warning signals, beeps and keypresses on the field controller.
Fn O	+ 6 ⊄ © ▼	Hold Fn while pressing 6 . Decrease the volume for acoustic warning signals, beeps and keypresses on the field controller.
Fn O		Hold Fn while pressing 7 . Lock/unlock the keyboard.
Fn O	+ 9 VXYZ ©	Hold Fn while pressing 9 . Lock/unlock the touch screen.
Fn O	+ - +⊙	Hold Fn while pressing . Enter a plus sign instead of a minus sign.
Fn O	+ # <u>:</u> / ◎≝	Hold Fn while pressing <u>*</u> . Turn the keyboard illumination on/off.
Operating Principles

Keyboard and Touch Screen The user interface is operated either by the keyboard or by the touch screen with supplied stylus. The workflow is the same for keyboard and touch screen entry, the only difference lies in the way information is selected and entered.

Operation by keyboard

Information is selected and entered using the keys. Refer to "3.1 Keyboard" for a detailed description of the keys on the keyboard and their function.

Operation by touch screen

Information is selected and entered on the screen using the supplied stylus.

Operation	Description	
To select an item	Tap on the item.	
To start the edit mode in editable fields	Tap on the editable field.	
To highlight an item or parts of it for editing	Drag the supplied stylus from the left to the right.	
To accept data entered into an editable field and exit the edit mode	Tap on the screen outside of the editable field.	
To open a context-sensitive menu	Tap on the item and hold for 2 s.	

Operation

Setting Up the TS Instrument

Instrument Setup Step-by-Step

4

4.1





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Step	Description	
	Shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.	
1.	Extend the tripod legs to allow for a comfortable working posture. Position the tripod above the marked ground point, centring it as good as possible. Ensure that the tripod plate is roughly horizontal.	
2.	Fasten the tribrach and instrument onto the tripod.	
3.	Turn on the instrument by pressing 🕑 ⊚. Select Settings/TS instru- ment/Level & compensator to activate the laser plummet and electronic level.	
4.	Use the tribrach footscrews (a) to centre the plummet (b) above the ground point.	
5.	Adjust the tripod legs to level the circular level (c).	
6.	By using the electronic level, turn the tribrach footscrews (a) to level the instrument precisely.	
7.	Centre the instrument precisely over the ground point (b) by shifting the tribrach on the tripod plate.	
8.	Repeat steps 6. and 7. until the required accuracy is achieved.	



Step	Description		
1.	Place the GAD110 adapter for the GS15/GS14/GS16 antenna onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.		
	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the adapter is on the same side as the Communication side cover.		



Step	Description
2.	Place the GS15/GS14/GS16 antenna onto the adapter by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the two press clips.

Setting Up SmartPole





Setting up for Remote Control (with the RadioHandle)

Setup for Remote **Control with Radio**е Handle f g а Ь h a) 360° prism С b) Prism pole d c) Field controller on GHT66 holder (Alternative, not illustrated: tablet on GHT78 holder) d) GHT63 clamp e) RH16/RH17 RadioHandle f) Instrument g) Communication side cover h) Tripod 008643_001

TS16, Operation



Mounting Base Radio to Tripod Step-by-Step

Step	Description			
1.	The GHT43 tripod adapter is used to mount the TCPS29/30 to all Leica standard tripods, and to optimise the radio transmission performance. Attach the TCPS29/30 to the adapter and then attach the adapter to the tripod leg.			
2.	Adjus	t the angle of TCPS29/30 until it is ver	tical.	
3.	Adjust the location of the adapter on the tripod leg so that there are no metallic objects in the horizontal plane around the antenna.			
4.	(B)	To achieve the best performance from the TCPS29/30, mount it in a vertical position on the tripod leg, approximately 30 cm from the top. If the adapter is no longer able to retain its angle position, the adjust- ment bolt at the hinge can be tight- ened slightly.		

Components of theThe GHT66 holder consists of the following components:GHT66 HolderGHT63



Fixing the Field Controller and GHT66 to a Pole Step-by-step

Step	Description		
(B)	For an aluminium pole, fit the plastic sleeve to the pole clamp.		
1.	Insert the pole into the clamp hole.		
2.	Attach the holder to the clamp using the clamp bolt.		
3.	Adjust the angle and the height of the holder on the pole to a comfortable position.		
4.	Tighten the clamp with the clamp bolt.		
5.	Before placing the CS field controller onto the mounting plate, ensure that the locking pin is put into the unlocked position. To unlock the locking pin, push the locking pin to the left.		
6.	Hold the CS field controller above the holder and lower the end of the CS field controller into the mounting plate.		
7.	Apply slight pressure in a downward direction and then lower the top part of the CS field controller until the unit is clicked into the holder. The guides of the mounting plate aid in this action.		
8.	After the CS field controller is placed onto the mounting plate, ensure that the locking pin is put into the locked position. To lock the locking pin, push the locking pin to the right.		

Detaching the Field
Controller from a
Pole Step-by-step

Step	Description	
1.	Unlock the locking pin by pushing the locking pin to the left of the mounting plate.	
2.	Place your palm over the top of the field controller.	
3.	While in this position, lift the top of the field controller from the holder.	

4.7

Fixing the CS35 Tablet to a Holder and Pole

Components of GHT63 Clamp and **GHT78** Holder

For fixing the CS35 tablet to a pole you need the following components:



GHT63 clamp

a) Plastic sleeve

b) Pole clamp

c) Clamp bolt

GHT78 holder

- d) Locking lever
- e) Mounting arm
- f) Mounting brackets
- g) Removable inserts
- h) Mounting plate

Fixing the CS35 Tablet and GHT78 to a Pole Step-by-Step

Step	Description		
łu j	For an aluminium pole, fit the plastic sleeve to the pole clamp.		
(the second s	If the 833343 hand strap with high corner guards is attached to the tablet, remove the inserts from the mounting brackets before fixing the tablet to the mounting plate. To untighten the screws of the removable inserts, use a 2.5 mm allen key.		
1.	Insert the pole into the clamp hole.		
2.	Attach the holder to the clamp using the clamp bolt.		
3.	Adjust the angle and the height of the holder on the pole to a comfortable position.		
4.	Tighten the clamp with the clamp bolt.		
5.	Before placing the CS35 tablet onto the mounting plate, ensure that the locking lever is set to the unlocked position (see illustra- tion).		

	Step	Description	
	6.	Lower the left side of the tablet and slide it from right to left into the mounting brackets of the holder.	009246_001
	7.	After placing the tablet onto the mounting plate, set the locking lever to the locked position (see illustration).	009248_001
Detaching the			
Tablet from the	Step	Description	
Holder/Pole Step- by-Step	1.	Set the locking lever of the GHT78 holder to the unlocked position.	009249_001
	2.	Lift the right side of the tablet and slide the tablet to the right and out of the holder.	2a 2b 2b 2b

Connecting to a Personal Computer

DescriptionWindows Mobile Device Center for PCs with Windows 7/Windows 8/Windows 10 oper-
ating system is the synchronization software for Windows mobile-based pocket PCs.
WMDC enables a PC and a Windows mobile-based pocket PC to communicate.

Leica USB drivers support Windows 7, Windows 8 (8.1) and Windows 10 operating systems.

Cables

Leica USB drivers support:

Name	Description	
GEV223	USB data cable, 1.8 m, connects instrument to Mini-USB to USB	
GEV234	USB data cable, 1.65 m, connects CS to GS or CS to PC (USB)	
GEV261	Y-cable, 1.8 m, connects instrument to PC – battery	

Uninstalling the previous drivers

4.8

Skip the following steps if you have never installed Leica USB drivers before. If older drivers were previously installed on the PC, follow the instructions to un-install the drivers prior the installation of the new drivers.

Step	Description				
1.	Connect your instrument to the PC via cable.				
2.	On your PC, select to Control Panel > Device Manager .				
3.	In Network Adapters, right-click	on Remote NDIS based LGS			
4.	Click on Uninstall .				
	Microsoft Virtual WiFi Miniport A Remote NDIS based LGS CS Devices Ports (COM & LPT) Processors Security Devices Sound, video and game controlled System devices Universal Serial Bus controllers				
5.	Set Delete the driver as checked. Press OK. Confirm Device Uninstall Remote NDIS based LGS CS Device #2				
	Warning: You are about to uninstall this device from your system.				

Step	Description
1.	Start the PC.
2.	Run the Setup_Leica_USB_XXbit.exe to install the drivers necessary for Leica devices. Depending on the version (32bit or 64bit) of the operating system on your PC, you have to select between the three setup files following: • Setup_Leica_USB_32bit.exe • Setup_Leica_USB_64bit.exe • Setup_Leica_USB_64bit.exe • Setup_Leica_USB_64bit.itanium.exe • To check the version of your operating system, go to Control Panel • System > System type. • The setup requires administrative privileges. • The setup has to be run only once for all Leicadevices. • For PCs with Windows Vista/Windows 7/Windows 8/Windows 10 operating system: If not already installed, WMDC will be installed additionally otherwise this panel would not appear. Click Install to continue or Cancel to exit installation. Leica GS, TS/TM/MS, CS and GR hardware USB drivers requires the following items to be installed on your computer. Click Install to begin installing these requirements.
	Status Requirement Pending Mobile Device Center 32 Install Cancel
3.	The Welcome to InstallShield Wizard for Leica GS, TS/TM/MS, CS and GR USB drivers window appears. © Ensure that all Leica devices are disconnected from your PC before you continue!

Step	Description					
	Elica GS, TS/TM/MS, CS and GR hardware USB drivers - InstallShield Wizard					
	Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for Leica GS, TS/TM/MS, CS and GR hardware USB drivers The InstallShield(R) Wizard will install Leica GS, TS/TM/MS, CS and GR hardware USB drivers on your computer.					
	Please remove any attached GS, TS/TM/MS, CS or GR device before running the installation					
	To continue, dick Next.					
	< Back Next > Cancel					
4.	Next>.					
5.	The Ready to Install the Program window appears.					
	B Leica GS, TS/TM/MS, CS and GR hardware USB drivers - InstallShield Wizard					
	Ready to Install the Program The wizard is ready to begin installation.					
	Cital Jactal to be sin the installation					
	Click Install to begin the installation. If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to					
	exit the wizard.					
	InstallShield					
	< Back Install Cancel					
6.	Install. The drivers will be installed on your PC.					
7.	The InstallShield Wizard Completed window appears.					
8.	Click Finish to exit the wizard.					

Connect to PC via USB cable step-by-	Step	Description
step	1.	Start the PC.
•	2.	Plug the cable into the instrument.
	3.	Turn on the instrument.
	4.	Plug the cable into the USB port of the PC.
		Windows Device Manager cannot be used with CS20/TS16/TS60/MS60.
	5.	Press the Windows Start button at the bottom left corner of the screen.
	6.	Type the IP address of the device into the search field.
		 \\192.168.254.1\ for field controller \\192.168.254.3\ for other instruments
	7.	Press Enter.
		A file browser opens. You can now browse within the folders on the instrument.

4.9 **Power Functions**

Turning the Instrument On		Press and hold power key ($\bigcirc \otimes$) for 2 s. \bigcirc The instrument must have a power supply.			
Turning the Instrument Off	 Press and hold power key (♥ ◎) for 2 s. The instrument must be on. For instruments setup in permanent installations with external power sources, for example monitoring, ensure external power remains available until the instrument has successfully completed the power down process. 				
Power Options Menu		Note that the provided the pro			
	Option	Description			
	Turn off	Turn TS instrument off.			
	Stand-by	 Put TS instrument into stand-by mode. In stand-by mode, the TS instrument shuts down and reduces power consumption. Rebooting from stand-by mode is quicker than a cold start after turning off. 			
	Reset	 Performs one of the following options: Restart (restarts Windows EC7) Reset Windows EC7 (resets Windows EC7 and communication settings to factory defaults) Reset installed software (resets settings of all installed software) Reset Windows EC7 and installed software (resets Windows EC7 and settings of all installed software) 			

4.10 4.10.1	Batteries Operating Principles				
First-time Use/ Charging Batteries	 The battery must be charged before using it for the first time because it is delivered with an energy content as low as possible. The permissible temperature range for charging is between 0 °C and +40 °C/+32 °F and +104 °F. For optimal charging, we recommend charging the batteries at a low ambient temperature of +10 °C to +20 °C/+50 °F to +68 °F if possible. It is normal for the battery to become warm during charging. Using the chargers recommended by Leica Geosystems, it is not possible to charge the battery once the temperature is too high. For new batteries or batteries that have been stored for a long time (> three months), it is effectual to make only one charge/discharge cycle. For Li-lon batteries, a single discharging and charging cycle is sufficient. We recommend carrying out the process when the battery capacity indicated on the charger or on a Leica Geosystems product deviates significantly from the actual battery capacity available. 				
Operation / Discharging	 The batteries can be operated from • 20 °C to +55 °C/• 4 °F to +131 °F. Low operating temperatures reduce the capacity that can be drawn; high operating temperatures reduce the service life of the battery. 				
4.10.2	Battery for the TS Instrument				

Step-by-Step

Step	Description
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The battery compartment is below the vertical drive. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the battery compartment.
2.	Pull out the battery housing.
3.	Pull the battery out of the battery housing.
4.	At the top of the battery is a notch which corresponds to the inner surface of the battery housing. This notch helps you to place the battery correctly.
5.	Place the battery into the battery housing, ensuring that the contacts are facing outward. Click the battery into position.
6.	Place the battery housing into the battery compartment. Push the battery housing in until it fits completely into the battery compartment.
7.	Turn the knob to lock the battery compartment. Ensure that the knob is returned to its original horizontal position.

Working with the Memory Device

4.11

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- Keep the card dry.
- Use it only within the specified temperature range.
- Do not bend the card.
- Protect the card from direct impacts.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in data loss and/or permanent damage to the card.

Insert and Remove an SD Card Step-by-Step



Step	Description			
() D	The SD card is inserted into a slot inside the Communication side cover of the instrument.			
1.	Turn the knob on the Communication side cover to the vertical position to unlock the communication compartment.			
2.	Open the lid of the communication compartment to access the communica- tion ports.			
3.	To insert the SD card, slide it firmly into the SD slot until it clicks into posi- tion.			
	The card must be held with the contacts at the top and facing toward the instrument.			
	\mathcal{C} Do not force the card into the slot.			
4.	To remove the SD card, gently press on the top of the card to release it from the slot.			
5.	Close the lid and turn the knob to the horizontal position to lock the commu- nication compartment.			



Step	Description			
(and	The USB stick is inserted into the USB host port inside the Communication side cover of the instrument.			
1.	Turn the knob on the Communication side cover to the vertical position to unlock the communication compartment.			
2.	Open the lid of the communication compartment to access the communica- tion ports.			
3.	Slide the USB stick with the Leica logo facing you firmly into the USB hose port until it clicks into position.			
	\bigcirc Do not force the USB stick into the port.			
4.	If desired, store the lid of the USB stick on the underside of the compart- ment lid.			
5.	Close the lid and turn the knob to the horizontal position to lock the compartment.			
6.	To remove the USB stick, open the lid of the compartment and slide the USB stick out of the port.			

LED Indicators on
RadioHandleDescriptionThe RadioHandle has Light Emitting Diode indicators. They indicate the basic Radio-
Handle status.

Diagram of the LED Indicators



- a) Power LED
- b) Link LED
- c) Data Transfer LED
- d) Mode LED

Description of the LED Indicators

IF the	is	THEN		
Power LED	off	power is off.		
	green	power is on.		
Link LED	off	no radio link to field controller.		
	red	radio link to field controller.		
Data Transfer LED	off	no data transfer to/from field controller.		
	green or green flashing	data transfer to/from field controller.		
Mode LED	off	data mode.		
	red	configuration mode.		

Distance measurement	
	022410.002
	When measurements are being made using the red laser EDM, the results can be influenced by objects passing between the EDM and the intended target surface. This occurs because reflectorless measurements are made to the first surface returning sufficient energy to allow the measurement to take place. For example, if the intended target surface is the surface of a building, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface as the measurement is triggered, the measurement may be made to the side of the vehicle. The result is the distance to the vehicle, not to the surface of the building. If using the long range measurement mode (> 1000 m, > 3300 ft) to prisms, and an object passes within 30 m of the EDM as the measurement is triggered, the laser signal.
Ē	Very short distances can also be measured reflectorless in Prism mode to well reflecting natural targets. The distances are corrected with the additive constant defined for the active reflector.
	Due to laser safety regulations and measuring accuracy, using the Long Range Reflec- torless EDM is only allowed to prisms that are more than 1000 m (3300 ft) away.
Ē	Accurate measurements to prisms should be made in Prism mode.
(B)	When a distance measurement is triggered, the EDM measures to the object which is in the beam path at that moment. If a temporary obstruction, for example a passing vehicle, heavy rain, fog or snow is between the instrument and the point to be meas- ured, the EDM may measure to the obstruction.
(F)	Do not measure with two instruments to the same target simultaneously to avoid getting mixed return signals.
ATRplus/Lock	Instruments equipped with an ATRplus sensor permit automatic angle and distance measurements to prisms. The prism is sighted with the optical sight. After initiating a distance measurement, the instrument sights the prism centre automatically. Vertical and horizontal angles and the distance are measured to the centre of the prism. The lock mode enables the instrument to follow a moving prism.
(F)	As with all other instrument errors, the collimation error of the automatic aiming must be redetermined periodically. Refer to "5 Check & Adjust" about checking and adjusting instruments.
- -	When a measurement is triggered while the prism is still moving, distance and angle measurements may not be made for the same position and coordinates may vary.



5	Check & Adjust					
5.1	Overview					
Description	Leica Geosystems instruments are manufactured, assembled and adjusted to the best possible quality. Quick temperature changes, shock or stress can cause deviations and decrease the instrument accuracy. It is therefore recommended to check and adjust the instrument from time to time. This check and adjust can be done in the field by running through specific measurement procedures. The procedures are guided and must be followed carefully and precisely as described in the following chapters. Some other instrument errors and mechanical parts can be adjusted mechanically.					
Electronic Adjustment	The following instrument errors can be checked and adjusted electronically:I, tCompensator longitudinal and transversal index errorsiVertical index error, related to the standing axiscHorizontal collimation error, also called line of sight erroraTilting axis errorATRplusATRplus zero point error for Hz and VIf the compensator and the horizontal corrections are activated in the instrumentconfiguration, every angle measured in the daily work is corrected automatically.					
	Check whether the tilt correction and the horizontal correction are turned on. The results are displayed as errors but used with the opposite sign as corrections when applied to measurements.					
Mechanical Adjustment	 The following instrument parts can be adjusted mechanically: Circular level on instrument and tribrach Optical plummet - option on tribrach Allen screws on tripod 					
Precise Measurements	 To get precise measurements in the daily work, it is important: To check and adjust the instrument from time to time. To take high precision measurements during the check and adjust procedures. To measure targets in two faces. Some of the instrument errors are eliminated by averaging the angles from both faces. 					
	 During the manufacturing process, the instrument errors are carefully determined and set to zero. As mentioned above, these errors can change and it is highly recommended to redetermine them in the following situations: Before the first use Before every high precision survey After rough or long transportation After long working periods After long storage periods If the temperature difference between current environment and the temperature at the last calibration is more than 20°C 					

Summary of Errors to be Adjusted Electronically	Instrument error	Effects Hz	Effects V	Elimination with two face measurement	
	c - Line of sight error	✓	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
	a - Tilting axis error	✓	-	✓	✓
	I - Compensator index error	-	✓	✓	✓
	t - Compensator index error	✓	-	✓	✓
	i - Vertical index error	-	✓	\checkmark	✓
	ATRplus Collimation error	✓	✓	-	✓
_					
5.2	Preparation				



Before determining the instrument errors, the instrument has to be levelled using the electronic level.

The tribrach, the tripod and the underground should be stable and secure from vibrations or other disturbances.



The instrument should be protected from direct sunlight to avoid thermal warming.

It is also recommended to avoid strong heat shimmer and air turbulence. The best conditions are early in the morning or with overcast sky.

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Before starting to work, the instrument has to become acclimatised to the ambient temperature. Approximately two minutes per °C of temperature difference from storage to working environment, but at least 15 min, should be taken into account.

Even after adjustment of the ATRplus, the crosshairs may not be positioned exactly on the centre of the prism after an ATRplus measurement has been completed. This outcome is a normal effect. To speed up the ATRplus measurement, the telescope is normally not positioned exactly on the centre of the prism. These small deviations/ATRplus offsets, are calculated individually for each measurement and corrected electronically. This means that the horizontal and vertical angles are corrected twice: first by the determined ATRplus errors for Hz and V, and then by the individual small deviations of the current aiming.

Next Step

IF the task is to	THEN
adjust a combination of instrument errors	Refer to "5.3 Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATRplus)".
adjust the tilting axis	Refer to "5.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)".
adjust the circular level	Refer to "5.5 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instru- ment and Tribrach".
adjust the laser/optical plummet	Refer to "5.7 Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument".
adjust the tripod	Refer to "5.8 Servicing the Tripod".

Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATRplus)

Description

5.3

The combined adjustment procedure determines the following instrument errors in one process:

l, t	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors
i	Vertical index error, related to the standing axis
С	Horizontal collimation error, also called line of sight error
ATRplus Hz	ATRplus zero point error for horizontal angle option
ATRplus V	ATRplus zero point error for vertical angle option

Combined Adjustment Procedure Step-by-step The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description	
1.	Leica Captivate - Home: Settings\TS instrument\Check & adjust	
2.	Check & Adjust	
	Select the option: Check & adjust the compensator, index error, line of sight error & automatic target aiming	
3.	Next	
4.	Face I measurement	
	 If Calibrate the automatic target aiming is checked and an ATRplus is available, the adjustment will include the determination of the ATRplus Hz and V adjustment errors. Use a clean Leica standard prism as the target. Do not use a 360° prism. 	
5.	Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distance. The target must be positioned within ±9°/±10 gon of the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any face.	

Step	Description	
6.	Measure to measure and to continue to the next screen.	
	Motorised instruments change automatically to the other face.	
	Non-motorised instruments guide to the other face.	
	180° The fine pointing has to be performed manually in both faces.	
7.	Face II measurement	
, .	Measure to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the instrument errors.	
(F	If one or more errors are bigger than the predefined limits, the procedure must be repeated. All measurements of the current run are rejected and none of them is averaged with the results from previous runs.	
8.	Adjustment Status	
	Number of measurements : Shows the number of runs completed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.	
	I Component quality (1 σ): and similar lines show the standard deviations of the determined adjustment errors. The standard deviations can be calculated from the second run onwards.	
(P)	Measure at least two runs.	
9.	Next to continue with the check & adjust procedure.	
10.	Select Add another calibration loop if more runs have to be added. Next and continue with step 4.	
	OR	
	Select Finish the calibration & store the results to finish the calibration process. Next to view the adjustment results.	
11.	Select Finish to accept the results. No more runs can be added later.	
	OR	
	Select Redo to decline all measurements and to repeat all calibration runs. OR	
	Back returns to the previous screen.	

Next Step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	If the Use status is set to Yes, Next overwrites the old adjust- ment errors with the new ones.
to be determined again	Redo rejects all new determined adjustment errors and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to paragraph "Combined Adjustment Procedure Step-by-step".



Step	Description
5.	Face II measurement
	Measure to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the tilting axis error.
(a)	If the error is bigger than the predefined limit, the procedure must be repeated. The tilting axis measurements of the current run are then rejected and not averaged with the results from previous runs.
6.	Adjustment Status
	Number of measurements : Shows the number of runs completed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.
	a T-axis quality (1 σ) : shows the standard deviation of the determined tilting axis error. The standard deviation can be calculated from the second run onwards.
(B)	Measure at least two runs.
7.	Next to continue with the check & adjust procedure.
8.	Select Add another calibration loop if more runs have to be added. Next and continue with step 3.
	OR
	Select Finish the calibration & store the results to finish the calibration process. No more runs can be added later. Next to view the adjustment results.
9.	Select Finish to accept the results. No more runs can be added later.
	OR
	Select Redo to decline all measurements and to repeat all calibration runs.

Next Step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	Next overwrites the old tilting axis error with the new one.
to be determined again	Redo rejects the new determined tilting axis error and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to paragraph "Combined Adjust-ment Procedure Step-by-step".

Adjusting the Circular Level Step-by-Step



008375_001

Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level.
3.	Select Settings\TS instrument\Level & compensator to access the Level & Compensator panel.
4.	Check the position of the circular level on the instrument and tribrach.
5.	a) If both circular levels are centred, no adjustments are necessary
	b) If one or both circular levels are not centred, adjust as follows:
	Instrument : If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws. Turn the instrument by 200 gon (180°). Repeat the adjustment procedure if the circular level does not stay centred.
	Tribrach : If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws.
	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws must have the same tightening tension and no adjusting screw should be loose.

Adjusting the Circular Level of the Prism Pole

Adjusting the Circular Level Step-by-Step

Step	Description	
1.	Suspend a plumb line.	4b
2.	Use a pole bipod, to align the prism pole parallel to the plumb line.	
3.	Check the position of the circular level on the prism pole.	2
4.	a) If the circular level is centred, no adjustment is necessary.	40
	b) If the circular level is not centred, use an allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws.	T5_080
	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws must have tension and no adjusting screw should be loose.	the same tightening

Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument

The laser plummet is located in the vertical axis of the instrument. Under normal conditions of use, the laser plummet does not need adjusting. If an adjustment is necessary due to external influences, return the instrument to any Leica Geosystems authorised service workshop.



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level.
3.	Select Settings\TS instrument\Level & compensator to access the Level & Compensator panel.
4.	The laser plummet is switched on when the Level & Compensator panel is entered. Adjust the laser plummet intensity. Inspection of the laser plummet should be carried out on a bright, smooth and horizontal surface, like a sheet of paper.
5.	Mark the centre of the red dot on the ground.
6.	Turn the instrument through 360° slowly, carefully observing the movement of the red laser dot.
(B)	The maximum diameter of the circular movement described by the centre of the laser point must not exceed 3 mm at a distance of 1.5 m.
7.	If the centre of the laser dot describes a perceptible circular movement, or moves more than 3 mm away from the point which was first marked, an adjustment may be required. Inform your nearest Leica Geosystems author- ised service centre. Depending on brightness and surface, the diameter of the laser dot can vary. At 1.5 m, it is about 2.5 mm.

5.7





The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
	The connections between metal and timber components must always be firm and tight.
1.	Tighten the leg cap screws moderately, with the supplied allen key.
2.	Tighten the articulated joints on the tripod head enough to keep the tripod legs open when lifting the tripod off the ground.
3.	Tighten the allen screws of the tripod legs.

6	Care and Transport	
6.1	Transport	
Transport in the field	 When transporting the equipment in the field, always make sure that you either carry the product in its original transport container, or carry the tripod with its legs splayed across your shoulder, keeping the attached product upright. 	
Transport in a road vehicle	Never carry the product loose in a road vehicle, as it can be affected by shock and vibration. Always carry the product in its transport container, original packaging or equivalent and secure it.	
Shipping	When transporting the product by rail, air or sea, always use the complete original Leica Geosystems packaging, transport container and cardboard box, or its equivalent, to protect against shock and vibration.	
Shipping, transport of batteries	When transporting or shipping batteries, the person responsible for the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping, contact your local passenger or freight transport company.	
Field adjustment	Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the User Manual, particularly after the product has been dropped, stored for long periods or transported.	
6.2	Storage	
Product	Respect the temperature limits when storing the equipment, particularly in summer if the equipment is inside a vehicle. Refer to "7 Technical Data" for information about temperature limits.	
Field adjustment	After long periods of storage inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.	
Li-Ion batteries	 Refer to "Technical Data" for information about storage temperature range. Remove batteries from the product and the charger before storing. After storage recharge batteries before using. Protect batteries from damp and wetness. Wet or damp batteries must be dried before storing or use. A storage temperature range of 0 °C to +30 °C / +32 °F to +86 °F in a dry environment is recommended to minimize self-discharging of the battery. At the recommended storage temperature range, batteries containing a 40% to 50% charge can be stored for up to one year. After this storage period the batteries must be recharged. 	

6.3	Cleaning and Drying
Product and accessories	 Blow dust off lenses and prisms. Never touch the glass with your fingers. Use only a clean, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning. If necessary, moisten the cloth with water or pure alcohol. Do not use other liquids; these can attack the polymer components.
Fogging of prisms	Prisms that are cooler than the ambient temperature tend to fog. It is not enough simply to wipe them. Keep them for some time inside your jacket or in the vehicle to allow them to adjust to the ambient temperature.
Damp products	Dry the product, the transport container, the foam inserts and the accessories at a temperature not greater than 40°C/104°F and clean them. Remove the battery cover and dry the battery compartment. Do not repack until everything is completely dry. Always close the transport container when using in the field.
Cables and plugs	Keep plugs clean and dry. Blow away any dirt lodged in the plugs of the connecting cables.
6.4	Maintenance
(B)	An inspection of the motorisation in motorised instruments must be done in a Leica Geosystems authorised service centre. Leica Geosystems recommends an inspection of the product every 12 months. For instruments which are in intensive or permanent use, for example tunnelling or monitoring, the recommended inspection cycle may be reduced.

7

Technical Data

7.1 Angle Measurement

Г

Accuracy

Available angular accuracies	Standard deviation Hz, V, ISO 17123-3	Display resolution			
["]	[mgon]	["]	[°]	[mgon]	[mil]
1	0.3	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01
2	0.6	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01
3	1.0	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01
5	1.5	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01

Characteristics

Absolute, continuous, diametric.

7.2

Distance Measurement with Reflectors

Range

Reflector	Range A		Range B		Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism (GPR1)	1800	6000	3000	10000	3500	12000
Three standard prisms (GPR1)	2300	7500	4500	14700	5400	17700
360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000
360° Mini prism (GRZ101)	450	1500	800	2600	1000	3300
Mini prism (GMP101)	800	2600	1200	4000	2000	7000
Reflector tape (GZM31) 60 mm x 60 mm	150	500	250	800	250	800
Machine Automation power prism (MPR122) @ For Machine Control purposes only!	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000

Shortest measuring distance: 1.5 m

Atmospheric conditions	Range A: Range B:	Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer
	Range C:	Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer
-		

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Measurements can be made to reflector tapes over the entire range without external ancillary optics.

Accuracy refers to measurements to standard prisms.

Distance measuring mode	std. dev. ISO 17123-4, standard prism	std. dev. ISO 17123-4, tape	Measurement time, typical [s]
Standard	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	3 mm + 2 ppm	2.4
Fast	2 mm + 1.5 ppm	3 mm + 2 ppm	2.0
Continuously	3 mm + 1.5 ppm	3 mm + 2 ppm	< 0.15
Averaging	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	-

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Characteristics

Principle:	Phase measurement
Туре:	Coaxial, visible red laser
Carrier wave:	658 nm
Measuring system:	
	System Analyzer Basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

Distance Measurement without Reflectors

Range	Туре	Kodak Gray	Range	D	Range E		Range F	
		Card	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
	R500	White side, 90 reflective	% 250	820	400	1310	>500	>1640
	R500	Grey side, 18 % reflective	150	490	200	660	>200	>660
	D1000			2420	1000	2200	1000	2200
	R1000	White side, 90 reflective	% 800	2630	1000	3280	>1000	>3280
	R1000	Grey side, 18 % reflective	400	1320	500	1640	>500	>1640
	Range of <i>N</i> Display una	leasurement: Imbiguous:	1.5 m up to 1	- 1200 m 200 m			·	
		ct in strong sunli	tht covor	o boat cl	immor			
-	E: Obje	ct in shade, sky c erground, night a	vercast					
tions	E: Obje F: Unde	ct in shade, sky c erground, night a measuring st	vercast	t	Measure typical [s	•	Measure maximun	
tions	E: Obje F: Unde	ct in shade, sky c erground, night a measuring st IS	vercast nd twiligh d. dev. O 17123	t -4	Measure	•		
Atmospheric conditions	E: Obje F: Unde	ct in shade, sky c erground, night a measuring st IS m 2	vercast nd twiligh r d. dev.	t -4	Measure typical [s	•	maximun	
tions	E: Obje F: Unde Standard 0 m - 500 >500 m Object in sl objects wit	ct in shade, sky c erground, night a measuring st IS m 2	vercast nd twiligh d. dev. O 17123 mm + 2 p mm + 2 p mm + 2 p t. Beam in n can resu	t - 4 	Measure typical [s 3 - 6 3 - 6 ons, sever	l e heat sh	maximun 12 12 immer and	n [s] d movin
tions	E: Obje F: Unde Standard 0 m - 500 >500 m Object in sl objects wit	ct in shade, sky c erground, night a measuring st m 2 m 2 hade, sky overcas hin the beam pat plution is 0.1 mm cc e: 65	vercast nd twiligh d. dev. O 17123 mm + 2 p mm + 2 p t. Beam in n can resu paxial, visi	t opm opm nterrupti ult in dev ble red la	Measure typical [s 3 - 6 3 - 6 ons, sever iations of	e heat sh the spec	maximun 12 12 immer and ified accur	n [s] d movin
tions Accuracy Characteristics	E: Obje F: Unde Standard 0 m - 500 >500 m Object in sl objects wit display reso Type: Carrier wav	ct in shade, sky o erground, night a measuring st m 2 m 2 m 2 m 4 nade, sky overcas hin the beam pat plution is 0.1 mm e: 6! system: 5y	vercast nd twiligh d. dev. O 17123 mm + 2 p mm + 2 p mm + 2 p t. Beam in n can resu paxial, visi 58 nm stem ana	t pm pm nterrupti ult in dev ble red la	Measure typical [s 3 - 6 3 - 6 ons, sever iations of	e heat sh the spec z - 150 M	maximun 12 12 immer and ified accur	n [s] d movin
tions Accuracy Characteristics	E: Obje F: Unde Standard 0 m - 500 >500 m Object in sl objects wit display reso Type: Carrier wav Measuring	ct in shade, sky c erground, night ameasuringst ISm24nade, sky overcas hin the beam pat plution is 0.1 mmcc e:6!system:Sy[m]La	vercast nd twiligh d. dev. O 17123 mm + 2 p mm + 2 p mm + 2 p t. Beam in n can resu paxial, visi 58 nm stem ana	t pm pm nterrupti ult in dev ble red la	Measure typical [s 3 - 6 3 - 6 ons, sever iations of aser is 100 MH	e heat sh the spec z - 150 M	maximun 12 12 immer and ified accur	n [s] d movin
tions	E: Obje F: Unde Standard 0 m - 500 >500 m Object in sl objects wit display reso Type: Carrier wav Measuring Distance	ct in shade, sky of erground, night a measuring st m 2 m 2 m 2 m 4 nade, sky overcas hin the beam pat plution is 0.1 mm e: 6! system: 5y [m] La	vercast nd twiligh d. dev. O 17123 mm + 2 p mm + 2 p t. Beam in n can resu baxial, visi 58 nm stem ana	t pm pm nterrupti ult in dev ble red la	Measure typical [s 3 - 6 3 - 6 ons, sever iations of aser is 100 MH	e heat sh the spec z - 150 M	maximun 12 12 immer and ified accur	n [s] d movin

7.3

Distance Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)

7.4

Range	The range of the long rar	nge measi	irements i	s the sam	e for R500) and R100	00.
	Reflector	Range A		Range B		Range C	
		[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
	Standard prism (GPR1)	2200	7300	7500	24600	>10000	>33000
	Range of measurement: Display unambiguous:		1000 m to 12000 m up to 12000 m				
Atmospheric condi- tions	 Range A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimr Range B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight he shimmer Range C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer 						
Accuracy	Standard measuring	std. dev ISO 171		Measur typical	•	Measure maximu	
	Long Range	5 mm +	2 ppm	2.5		12	
_		severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam ons of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1					
Characteristics	Principle: Type: Carrier wave: Measuring system:	neasureme visible rec analyser b	laser	ИНz - 150	MHz		

Automatic Target Aiming (ATRplus)

Range of Target Aiming/	Reflector	Range (Ta	arget Aiming)	Range (Target Locking)			
Target Locking		[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]		
	Standard prism (GPR1)	1500	6000	1000	3300		
	360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	1000	3250	1000	3300		
	360° Mini prism (GRZ101)	450	1500	250	830		
	Mini prism (GMP101)	900	2880	600	2000		
	Reflector tape 60 mm x 60 mm	55	190	not qualifie	d		
	Machine Automation power prism (MPR122) CP For Machine Control purposes only!	750	2500	650	2200		
	The maximum range can be restricted by poorer conditions, for example rain.						
	Shortest measuring distance: 360° prism (Target aiming): 1.5 m Shortest measuring distance: 360° prism (Target locking): 5 m						
ATRplus Accuracy with the GPR1 Prism	ATRplus angle accuracy Hz, V (Base Positioning accuracy (std.			1 " (0.3 mgon) ± 1 mm			

System Accuracy with ATRplus

- The accuracy with which the position of a prism can be determined with Automatic Target Aiming (ATRplus) depends on several factors such as internal ATRplus accuracy, instrument angle accuracy, prism type, selected EDM measuring program and the external measuring conditions. The ATRplus has a basic standard deviation level of ± 1 mm.
- The following graph shows the ATRplus standard deviation based on three different prism types, distances and instrument accuracies.


PowerSearch PS

7.6

Range	Reflector		Range PS	5	
			[m]	[ft]	
	Standard prism (GPR1)		300	1000	
	360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)		300*	1000*	
	360° mini prism (GRZ101)		Not recor	nmended	
	Mini prism (GMP101)		100	330	
				1000*	
	Measurements at the vertical conditions may reduce the m				
	Shortest measuring distance: 1.5 m				
Searching	Typical search time: Default search area: Definable search windows:	5 s - 10 s Hz: 400 gon, V: 40 gon Yes			
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Digital signal processing Infrared laser			
7.7	Overview Camera				
Overview camera	Sensor: Focal length: Field of view: Frame rate: Focus: Image storage: Zoom: Whitebalance: Brightness:	5 Mpixel CMOS sensor 21 mm 15.5° x 11.7° (19.4° dia ≤20 frames per second 2 m (6.6 ft) to infinity a 7.5 m (24.6 ft) to infinit JPEG up to 5 Mpixel (256 4-step (1x, 2x, 4x, 8x) Automatic and user cont Automatic and user cont	t zoom level (y at zoom lev 0 x 1920) figurable		

7.8 7.8.1	SmartStation SmartStation Accuracy	,	
	Measurement precision and accuracy in position and accuracy in height are dependent upon various factors including the number of satellites tracked, constellation geom- etry, observation time, ephemeris accuracy, ionospheric disturbance, multipath and resolved ambiguities. Figures quoted assume normal to favourable conditions.		
Accuracy	Position accuracy: Horizontal: 5 mm + 0.5 ppm Vertical: 10 mm + 0.5 ppm When used within reference station networks t tion accuracy is in accordance with the accuracy cations provided by the reference station networks		
Initialisation		Leica SmartCheck+ technology Better than 99.99 % Typically 8 s* Up to 50 km* pheric conditions, signal multipath, obstructions, signal	
RTK Data Formats	geometry and number of tracked signals. Formats for data reception: Leica, Leica 4G, CMR, CMR+, RTCM 2.2, 2.3, 3.0, 3.1, MSM		



With GS15



7.9 7.9.1	Conform TS16	ity to Natio	onal Regulatio	ons	
Conformity to national regulations	 FCC Part 15 (applicable in US) Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the product TS16 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce. Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state. The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation. Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance. This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law. This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid). 				
- Frequency band	Туре		Frequency ban	ч [WH2]	
	Bluetooth		2402 - 2480		
	WLAN		2400 - 2473, ch	annel 1-11	
Output Power	Type Bluetooth WLAN (802.11b) WLAN (802.11g)		Output power [mW] <10		
Antenna	Туре	Antenna	Gain [dBi]	Connector	Frequency band [MHz]
	Bluetooth	Integrated	0	-	2400 - 2500
	WLAN	antenna			

7.9.2 RadioHandle

1.7.2					
Conformity to national regulations for RH16	 FCC Part 15 (applicable in US) The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15. Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance. This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law (電波法) and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law (電気通信事業法). This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid). 				
Conformity to national regulations for RH17	 FCC Part 15 (applicable in US) Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the RadioHandle is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce. Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EEA Member state. The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation. Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance. This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law (電波法) and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance. This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid). 				
Frequency Band	RH16 Limited to 2402 - 2480 MHz RH17 Limited to 2402 - 2480 MHz				
Output power	< 100 mW (e. i. r. p.)				
Antenna	Type:λ/2 dipole antennaGain:2 dBiConnector:Special customized SMB				
7.9.3	Dangerous Goods Regulations				
Dangerous Goods Regulations	 Dangerous Goods Regulations The products of Leica Geosystems are powered by Lithium batteries. Lithium batteries can be dangerous under certain conditions and can pose a sat hazard. In certain conditions, Lithium batteries can overheat and ignite. When carrying or shipping your Leica product with Lithium batteries onbot commercial aircraft, you must do so in accordance with the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations. Leica Geosystems has developed Guidelines on "How to carry Leica product, we ask you to consult these guidelines on our page (http://www.leica-geosystems.com/dgr) to ensure that you are in a ance with the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations and that the Leica procean be transported correctly. Damaged or defective batteries are prohibited from being carried or transported onboard any aircraft. Therefore, ensure that the condition of an battery is safe for transportation. 				

7.10 0	General T	Technical	Data o	f the I	Instrument

TelescopeMagnification:Free Objective aperture:Focusing:Field of view:

30 x 40 mm 1.7 m/5.6 ft to infinity 1°30'/1.66 gon. 2.7 m at 100 m

Compensator

Angular accuracy	Setting accuracy		Setting range	
instrument ["]	["]	[mgon]	[']	[gon]
1	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
2	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
3	1.0	0.3	4	0.07
5	1.5	0.5	4	0.07

6'/2 mm

2"

Level

Control Unit

Display:

Keyboard:

Angle Display: Distance Display: Position: Touch screen:

Circular level sensitivity:

Electronic level resolution:

WVGA (800 x 480 pixels), colour, graphics capable LCD, illumination, touch screen
37 keys
including 12 function keys and 12 alphanumeric keys, illumination
360°''', 360° decimal, 400 gon, 6400 mil, V %
m, ft int, ft us, ft int inch, ft us inch
In both faces, face two is optional
Screen protection foil on glass

Instrument Ports

Name	Description
Cable	5 pin LEMO-0 for power, communication, data transfer.This port is located at the base of the instrument.
RadioHandle	 Hotshoe connection for RadioHandle and SmartAntenna Adapter with SmartStation. This port is located on top of Communication side cover.
Bluetooth	Bluetooth module for communication.This port is housed within Communication side cover.
USB host port	USB memory stick port for data transfer.
USB device port	 Cable connections from USB devices for communication and data transfer.
WLAN	WLAN module for communication.This port is housed within the Communication side cover.

Pin Assignments of the 5 Pin LEMO-0 Port



Instrument Dimensions



Recording

Weight

Data can be recorded onto an SD card or into internal memory.

Туре	Capacity [MB]	Number of measurements per MB
SD card	• 1024	1750
	• 8192	
Internal memory	• 2048	1750

Laser plummet	Type: Location: Accuracy: Diameter of laser poir	Visible red laser class 2 In standing axis of instrun Deviation from plumb line 1.5 mm (2 sigma) at 1.5 n 2.5 mm at 1.5 m instrume	: n instrument height	
Drives	Туре:	Endless horizontal and ver	tical drives	
Motorisation	Maximum rotating spe	eed: 50 gon/s		
Power	External supply voltage	e: Nominal voltage 12.8 V DO	C, Range 11.5 V-13.5 V	
Internal Battery	GEB222 Type: Voltage: Capacity:	Li-Ion 7.4 V 6.0 Ah		
External battery	GEB371 Type: Voltage: Capacity:	Li-Ion 14.8 V 16.8 Ah		
Environmental	Temperature			
specifications	Туре	Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]	
	All instruments	-20 to +50	-40 to +70	
	Leica SD cards	-40 to +80	-40 to +80	
	Battery internal	-20 to +55	-40 to +70	
	Protection against water, dust and sand			
	Туре	Protection		
	All instruments	IP55 (IEC 60529)		
	Humidity			
	Туре	Protection		
	All instruments	Max 95 % non condensing The effects of condensation a acted by periodically drying ou		

Reflectors	Туре	Additive Constant [mm]	ATRplus	PS
	Standard prism, GPR1	0.0	yes	yes
	Mini prism, GMP101	+17.5	yes	yes
	360° prism, GRZ4 / GRZ122	+23.1	yes	yes
	360° Mini prism, GRZ101	+30.0	yes	not recommended
	Reflector tape S, M, L	+34.4	yes	no
	Reflectorless	+34.4	no	no
	Machine Automation power prism, MPR122 C For Machine Control purposes only!	+28.1	yes	yes
	There are no special prisms	s required for ATRplus or for	PS.	
Electronic Guide Light EGL	Working range: Position accuracy:	5 m to 150 m (15 ft to 500 5 cm at 100 m (1.97" at 33		
Automatic Corrections	 The following automatic control Line of sight error Tilting axis error Earth curvature Circle eccentricity Compensator index error 	or • Standing axis tilt • • Refraction city • ATRplus zero point error		error

7.11 Scale Correction

/	Searce correction				
Use of scale correction	 By entering a scale correction, reductions proportional to distance can be taken into account. Atmospheric correction. Reduction to mean sea level. Projection distortion. 				
Atmospheric correction ∆D1	 The slope distance displayed is correct if the scale correction in ppm, mm/km, which has been entered corresponds to the atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time of the measurement. The atmospheric correction includes: Adjustments for air pressure Air temperature Relative humidity For highest precision distance measurements, the atmospheric correction should be determined with an accuracy of 1 ppm. The following parameters must be redetermined: Air temperature to 1 °C Air pressure to 3 mbar Relative humidity to 20 % 				
Air humidity	The air humidity influences the distance measurement if the climate is extremely hot and damp. For high precision measurements, the relative humidity must be measured and entered along with the air pressure and the temperature.				
Air humidity correction	ppm +5 +4 +3 +2 +1 +0 -20 -10 0 10 20 30	% R€	ir humidity correction [mm/km] elative humidity [%] ir temperature [°C]		
Index n	Туре	Index n	carrier wave [nm]		
	combined EDM	1.0002863	658		
		rom the formula of the I	AG Resolutions (1999), and is valid		
	for:				

Formulas

Formula for visible red laser

	$\Delta D_{1} = 286.338 - \left[\frac{0.29535 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4}{\alpha \cdot t}\right]$	$\frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^{x}$	
Reduction to mean	The values for ΔD_2 are always n	negative and are derived from the following formula:	
sea level ∆D ₂	$\Delta D_2 = -\frac{1}{R} \cdot 10^3 $ H	D ₂ Reduction to mean sea level [ppm] Height of EDM above sea level [m] 6.378 * 10 ⁶ m	
Projection distortion △D ₃	The magnitude of the projection distortion is in accordance with the projection system used in a particular country, for which official tables are generally available. The following formula is valid for cylindrical projections such as that of Gauss-Krüger:		
	$\Delta D_{3} = \frac{X^{2}}{2R^{2}} \cdot 10^{6} \qquad \qquad$	scale factor 1 [km]	
	In countries where the scale factor is not unity, this formula cannot be directly applied.		



Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [°C], air pressure [mb] and height [m] at 60 % relative humidity.



Atmospheric correction °F

Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [°F], air pressure [inch Hg] and height [ft] at 60 % relative humidity.



7.12



account when calculating the horizontal distance and height difference. The calculated horizontal distance relates to the station height and not to the reflector height.

Distance measuring program Averaging

In the distance measuring program Averaging, the following values are displayed:

- D Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

These values are calculated as follows:

 $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (D_{i} - \overline{D})^{2}}{n} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_{i}^{2} - \frac{1}{n} (\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_{i})^{2}}{(\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_{i})^{2}}}$

$$\overline{D} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} D_{i}$$

- $\bar{\rm D}$ Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- Σ Sum
- D_i Single slope distance measurement
- n Number of measurements
- s Standard deviation of a single slope distance measurement
- Σ Sum
- $\bar{\rm D}$ Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- D_{i} Single slope distance measurement
- n Number of distance measurements

The standard deviation $S_{\bar{D}}$ of the arithmetic mean of the distance can be calculated as follows:

- $\mathbf{S}_{\overline{\mathbf{D}}}$ Standard deviation of the arithmetic mean of the distance
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

 $S_{\overline{D}} = \frac{S}{\sqrt{n}}$

s =

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